

SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT FACT SHEET

Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Substance Abuse Services

February, 2002

This fact sheet contains information about the impact of alcohol and other drug use in the Twelfth Hampden Representative District. Admission data were reported to the Bureau of Substance Abuse Services (BSAS) Substance Abuse Management Information System in FY 2001.

Residents of Twelfth Hampden Representative District

Treatment Admissions:

In FY 2001, there were 120,687 admissions to licensed substance abuse treatment services in all of Massachusetts. Of these, 4.8% (5,843) reside in the Twelfth Hampden Representative District. Due to budget cuts in FY 2002, BSAS estimates that 19% (1,110) of Twelfth Hampden Representative District residents will not be able to access treatment services. **Please note that these statistics represent only individual admissions, and represent a figure lower than the actual number of constituents in need of treatment services.**

- In FY 2001, 73.5% of admissions from the Twelfth Hampden Representative District were male and 26.4% were female.
- Over 64.9% of admissions were between the ages of 30-49.
- 35.6% of admissions were white non-Latino, 22.9% were black non-Latino, 39.9% were Latino, 0.2% were Asians, and 1.1% were other racial categories.
- 64.8% of those admitted to treatment were never married, 12.7% were married, and 14.2% reported not to be married now.
- 41.2% of admissions had less than high school education, 40.6% completed high school, and 18.1% had more than high school education.
- 18.8% of those admitted to treatment were employed.
- 17.4% of those admitted were homeless.
- 13.3% of admissions had prior mental health treatment.

Substances Used in Past Year:

Upon entering treatment, each client is asked to report ALL substances used in the past year (12 months) prior to admission. Admissions frequently report using more than one substance within the year. The use of more than one psychoactive substance, such as alcohol and marijuana, is referred to as 'polydrug' or 'polysubstance' use. For example, individuals who use cocaine, crack and heroin also may report the use of either alcohol and/or marijuana.

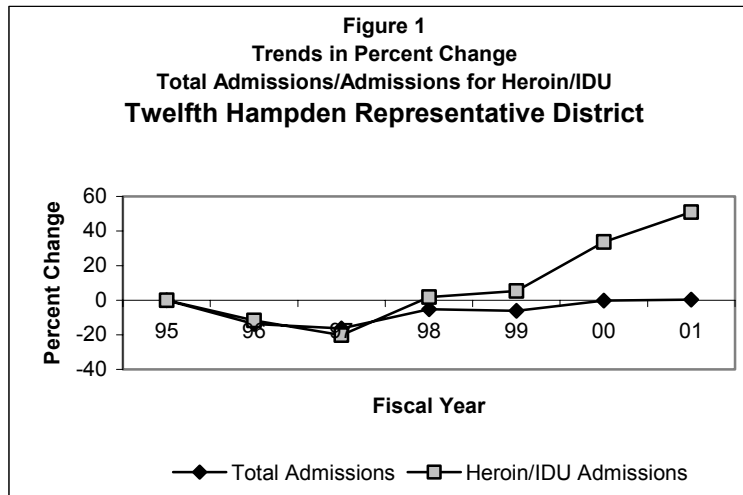
- Table 1 shows ALL substances which clients reported using in the year prior to admission, including the prevalence of injection drug use (IDU) in the Twelfth Hampden Representative District. Injection drug users (or IDU's) are individuals who use a needle to ingest cocaine, crack, heroin or another drug to get high.

Table 1 Annual Admissions by Substance Used FY 1995 – FY 2001							
Twelfth Hampden Representative District							
	Total	Alcohol	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack	Heroin	IDU
FY '95	5,823	4,507	1,514	1,784	2,462	1,747	998
FY '96	5,026	3,926	1,305	1,424	1,899	1,557	868
FY '97	4,873	3,756	1,284	1,325	1,781	1,401	789
FY '98	5,525	4,180	1,676	1,316	1,594	1,829	968
FY '99	5,470	4,152	1,642	1,392	1,594	1,839	1,052
FY '00	5,809	4,293	1,765	1,416	1,578	2,342	1,326
FY '01	5,843	4,100	1,725	1,266	1,575	2,563	1,578

- Since dropping in FY 1997, residents of Twelfth Hampden Representative District reported an increase in alcohol, marijuana and heroin use. Alcohol use increased by 9%, marijuana by 34%, and heroin use by 82%.
- Between FY 1995 and FY 2001, admissions reporting cocaine and crack use decreased by 29% and 36%, respectively.

Heroin and Injection Drug Use:

Figure 1 below shows the proportional increases in all admissions in the Twelfth Hampden Representative District and the proportional increase in admissions reporting heroin and injection drug use, a factor driving increases in HIV¹.



- Total treatment admission for all modalities remained steady between FY 1995 and FY 2001. During the same period, admissions for heroin and injection drug use treatment increased by 50.8%.

Primary Substance of Use:

At admission clients also identify a “primary drug” of use which is the substance currently causing them the most problems.

- Table 2 compares the proportional distribution of primary drugs in Massachusetts with that for the Twelfth Hampden Representative District.

Table 2 Primary Drug by District and State FY 2001					
	Alcohol	Heroin	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack
District	39.8 %	39.0%	7.8%	2.9%	8.3%
State	46.5%	35.9%	6.5%	3.8%	3.4%

- While alcohol and cocaine as a primary drug of use in your Representative District was lower than the State average, heroin, marijuana, and crack was higher within your District.

¹ The Schneider Institute for Health Policy, Brandeis University, 2000